
Outwit, Outplay, Outlast

Game-Based Learning through Survivor

Welcome



- Brian Mulholland
 - Assistant Teaching Professor
 - Mathematics
 - Email: bmulholland@nd.edu



- Vanessa Chan-Devaere
 - Assistant Teaching Professor
 - Psychology
 - Email: v.chandevaere@nd.edu

Outwit, Outplay, Outlast

The Dynamics of Survivor



Mathematical
Game Theory

Social Cognitive
Neuroscience

4 Core Course Components



Mathematical Games

Mathematical Games

Classical Introduction

Theoretical “Games”

- Eg. Prisoner’s Dilemma

Definitions and Theorems

	Quiet	Confess
Quiet	<u>$(-1, -1)$</u>	<u>$(-10, 0)$</u>
Confess	<u>$(0, -10)$</u>	<u>$(-5, -5)$</u>

Definition: Strategy (Action) X **strictly dominates** Strategy (Action) Y for a player if Strategy X provides a greater outcome than Strategy Y regardless of what the other player is doing.

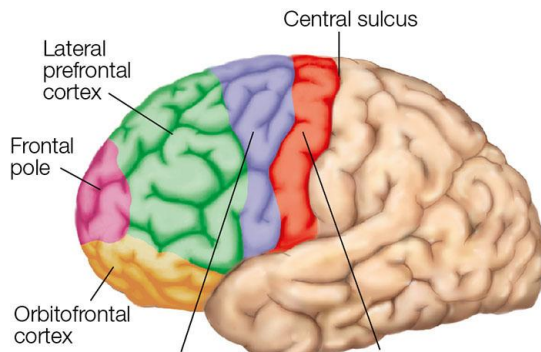
4 Core Course Components



Mathematical
Games

Neuroscience
Readings

Background Knowledge



Related Papers

The Importance of the Lateral Prefrontal Cortex for Strategic Decision Making in the Prisoner's Dilemma

Alexander Soutschek^{1,2} • Marian Sauter^{1,3} • Torsten Schubert¹

4 Core Course Components



Mathematical Games

Neuroscience
Readings

Episode Analysis

Survivor

Reality TV show where contestants are “castaways” stranded in a remote location

Players are divided into tribes and must work together to survive and compete in challenges

Contestants face physical and mental challenges for rewards and immunity from elimination

After each challenge, players vote to “vote out” one member of the tribe

The game combines social strategy, alliance-building, and outsmarting opponents

4 Core Course Components



Mathematical Games

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In Class Game

In Class Game

The class played an adapted version of Survivor.

After each day they needed to analyze their own experiences in our “in-class game.”

- Daily Task: Record a video diary.
- Pre-Merge research paper
- Post-Merge research paper



Vote Each Other Out!

Class Challenge Example



Rules

- You each are a representative from your Tribe and you have to decide to work with the other person or try to get an advantage for your Team.
- Each person must choose between two options: **Attack, Trade, or Tariff**

Class Challenge Example

Rules

- If both of you **ATTACK**, then you both lose 3 points
- If you **ATTACK** and the other **TRADES**, then you gain 10 points, and the other loses 5 points
- If you **ATTACK** and the other **TARIFFS**, then you gain 2 points, and the other loses 2 points
- If both of you **TRADE**, then you both gain 5 points
- If both of you **TARIFF**, then you both gain 2 points
- If you **TRADE** and the other **TARIFFS**, then you lose 2 points, and the other gains 7 points

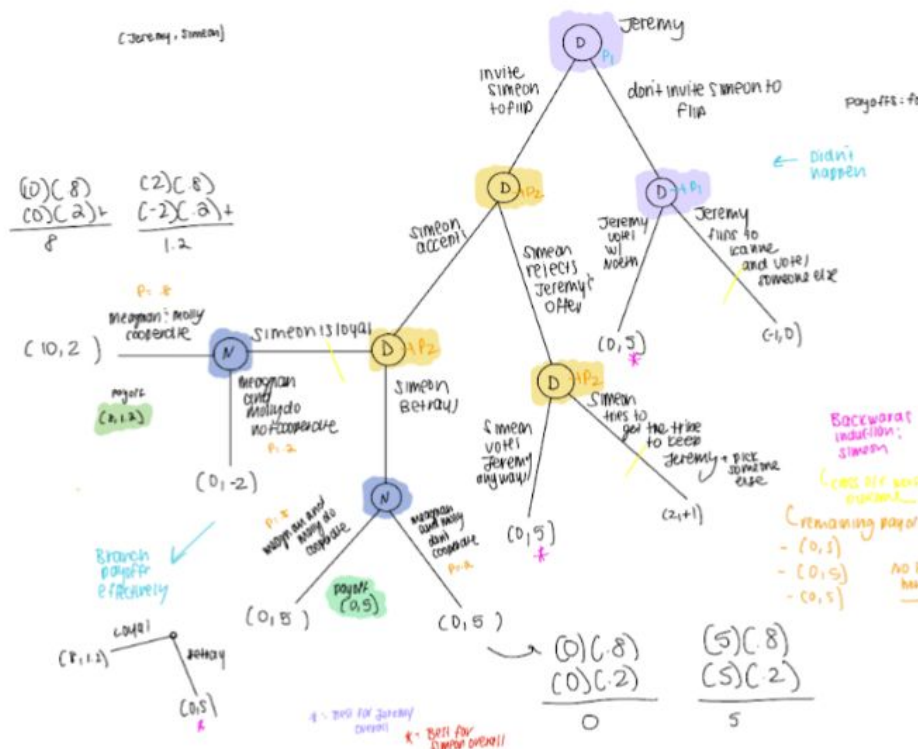
Immunity Challenge



Let's Play

- Each of you select secretly either **ATTACK**, **TRADE**, or **TARIFF**.
- Write it down on a piece of paper and keep it face down.
- On the count of three, both of you reveal your choices simultaneously.
- We will tally the scores and the team with most points wins **Immunity**.

In Class Game



Player 2: Bennett

	VOR HOPPEL Om	VOR LAUREN OL
VOR HOPPEL Om	(s, x) ↑ POWERWIRTSCHAFT	$(0, 1)$ ↑ A nice wedding in the end of it
VOR LAUREN OL	$(-x, 1-x)$	$(-x, 1)$

Player 1:
Louie

VOTES
 5 - 6 - 1
 ↑ ↑ ↗
 Maggie Laura Laura
 1. ME 2. BRUCE 1. MAGGIE
 2. STEVE 2. MAGGIE 2. ANNA
 3. JEREMY 3. ANNA 3. JESSIE
 4. CATHY 4. JESSIE 4. STEVEN
 5. LARA 5. STEVEN 5. CATHY
 6. CATHY
 BRUCE AND ME
 A HAPPY PAIR
 LARA WON THE DAY

points for Lauren

+3 : Bennett and I
Vote for Maggie
I stay ? dominant
alliance

0 : Bennett flips,
I am eliminated

-X : I vote for myself :
not allowed + would
do anyway

Payoffs for
Dennis

- +1: VOTE FOR Lauren,
gave trip on kenne

1-X: voice Maggie. stay w/
NORTH
Lauren voice x 7.5
Maggie

1-X: voice Maggie when
Lauren voice for help
Every university, still
game, still alive
w/ mechs

→ Beacht! Ersetzt sich selbst

Boundaries to pretty pure:

x is a variable of the amount
 of fruit between Berner and
 Let existing relationship
 \therefore know that x
 is at least 5, but I do
 not know the upper
 bound of this value
 $x > 5$ as x is almost greater
 than 1- x

PSNE

→ If $X > 1$; (negative, positive)
= PSNE
↳ more trust,
more likely to trust and
less likely to cheat
→ If $X < 1$; PSNE = (negative, 100%)

$\phi_1 = 0$, $\phi_2 = -\phi_m$

$3\phi_m + 0 \cdot 0 = -x \cdot \phi_m - x \cdot 0$
 $3\phi_m = -x \cdot \phi_m - x(-\phi_m)$
 $3\phi_m = -x \cdot \phi_m + x \cdot \phi_m$
 $3\phi_m = -x$
 $\phi_m = -\frac{x}{3}$
 $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^2$

minimale

my definition is to be for
wageless data for my on
the surface of truth
between human and
his nature's and
original nature of

4 Core Course Components



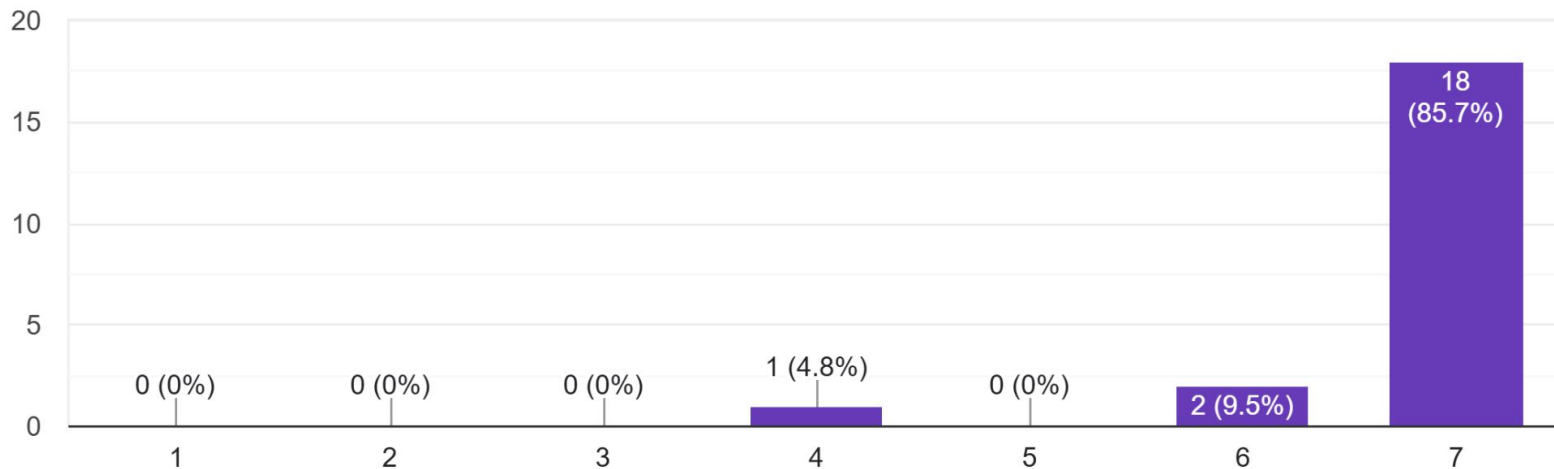
An Integrated
Learning
Experience

Mathematics Neuroscience
Readings
Episode Analysis In-Class Game

Student Experiences

Using Survivor as a medium showed me that mathematics and psychology can come together to explain complex real-life situations.

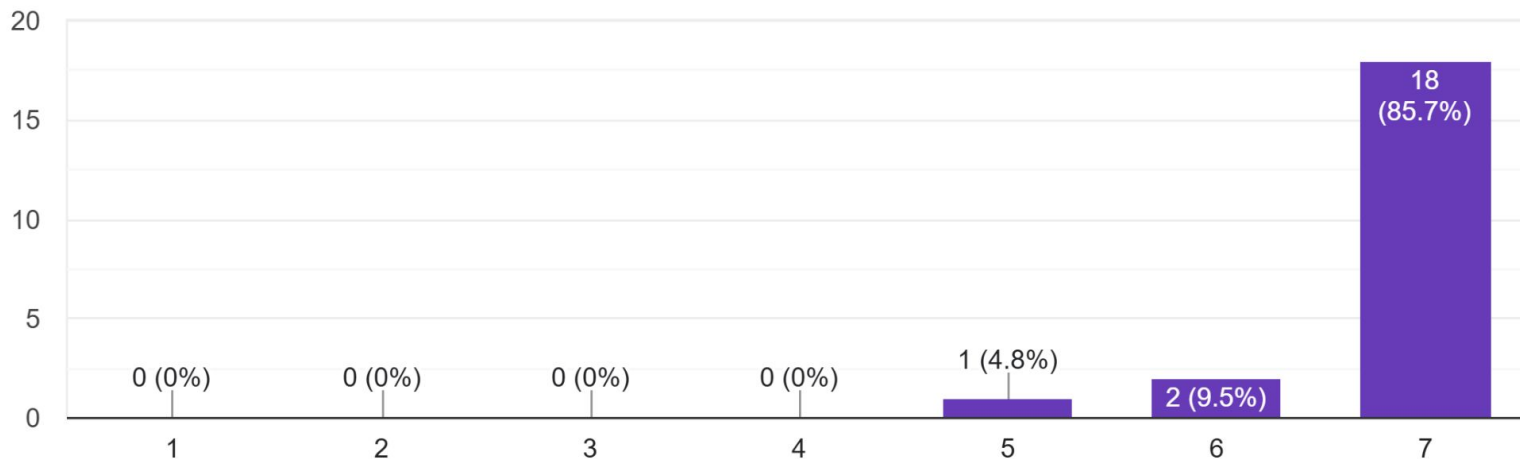
21 responses



Student Experiences

Playing a game of Survivor throughout the semester provided examples of the concepts we discussed in class.

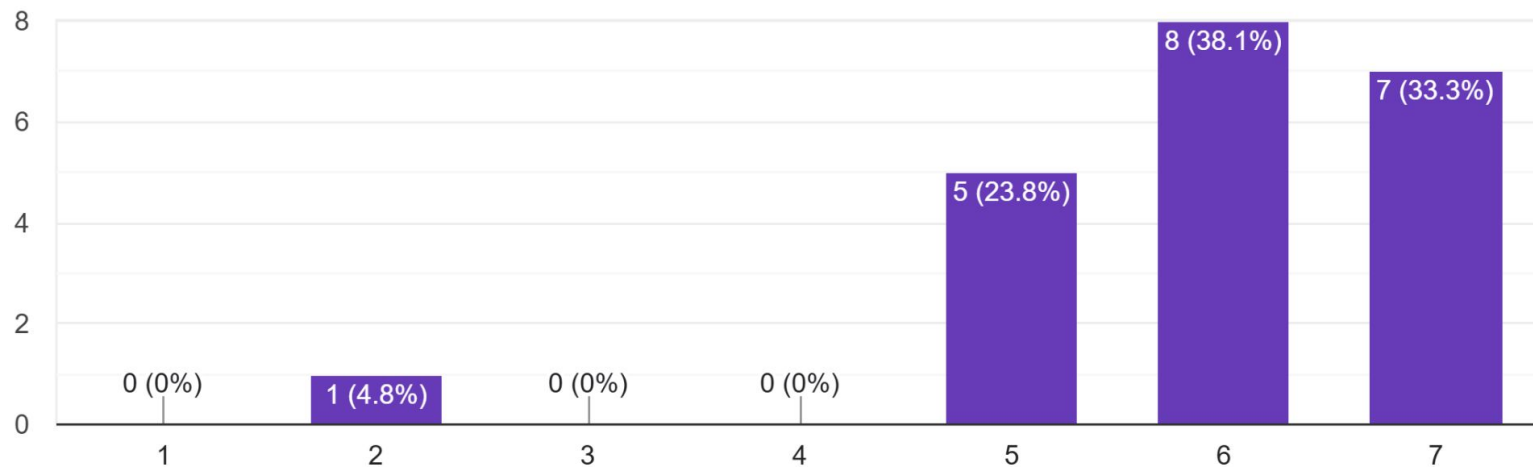
21 responses



Student Experiences

How confident do you feel now in abstracting a real-world scenario (e.g., a negotiation, a competition) into players, strategies, and payoffs using mathematical language?

21 responses



Student Testimonials



Student 1

Playing the game allowed me to integrate myself into the material and offered a new perspective that would be absent if there was no **interactive component**. It was a great opportunity to be pushed socially and to **implement the material** we were learning to try to maximize individual success while understanding one's values and priorities.

Student Testimonials



Student 2

Additionally, playing the game made me push through almost anything to **make sure I actually attended class** because I enjoyed it so much

Student 3

This class didn't just teach strategy, it was strategy.

Every interaction had weight, every choice had consequences, and somehow in the middle of all the chaos, we learned how our brains actually handle uncertainty, emotion, and decision-making.

Conclusion

Experience & Engagement	Social Dynamics & Personal Growth	Skills & Outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fun• Exciting• Engaging• Innovative• Memorable• Challenging• Hands-On• Interactive• Unforgettable		

Conclusion

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Thank You

